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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/607,330	06/26/2003	Armand Malnoe	112701-365	4205	
29157 75	590 06/14/2005		EXAMINER		
BELL, BOYD	& LLOYD LLC	MCCORMICK EWOLDT, SUSAN BETH			
P. O. BOX 113 CHICAGO, IL	-		ART UNIT PAPER N		
,			1654		

DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<del></del>		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summany		10/607,3		MALNOE ET AL.				
Unice	Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit				
TL - MAII			McCormick-Ewoldt	1654				
The MAIL Period for Reply	ING DATE of this communication	on appears on the	e cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time mafter SIX (6) MONTH  - If the period for reply  - If NO period for reply  - Failure to reply within  Any reply received by	STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F NATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT hay be available under the provisions of 37 ( Its from the mailing date of this communicat is specified above is less than thirty (30) days in it is specified above, the maximum statutory in the set or extended period for reply will, by by the Office later than three months after the dijustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	FION. CFR 1.136(a). In no evition. s, a reply within the stat y period will apply and w by statute, cause the app	rent, however, may a reply be tim tutory minimum of thirty (30) days rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from blication to become ABANDONE	mely filed  ys will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communic  TD (35 U.S.C. 8 133)	ication.			
Status								
1)⊠ Responsive	e to communication(s) filed on	1 25 April 2005.						
2a)☐ This action		This action is n	ion-final.					
<u> </u>	application is in condition for a			osecution as to the meri	its is			
	accordance with the practice ur							
Disposition of Clain	ns							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-</u>	-4,6,8,10-12,14,16,18,19,21 ar	nd 23-62 is/are p	ending in the application	ıon.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>23-62</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	is/are allowed.							
	-4,6,8,10-12,14,16,18,19 and 2	21 is/are rejected	J.					
	is/are objected to.							
8)⊡ Claim(s)	are subject to restriction a	and/or election re	equirement.					
Application Papers								
9) The specific	cation is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
10)⊠ The drawing	g(s) filed on <u>June 26, 2003</u> is/a	are: a)⊠ accept						
Applicant ma	ay not request that any objection t	to the drawing(s) b	oe held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	nt drawing sheet(s) including the c							
11)∐ The oath or	declaration is objected to by the	the Examiner. No	te the attached Office	Action or form PTO-15	2.			
Priority under 35 U.	S.C. § 119							
a)□ All b)□	gment is made of a claim for fo ] Some * c)  None of:			)-(d) or (f).				
_	and the promy described bear received.							
	ified copies of the priority docu							
	es of the certified copies of the			ed in this National Stage	<b>;</b>			
	ication from the International B	•	` ''					
JEE LITE ALLAL	ched detailed Office action for	a list of the cerui	ied copies not receive	· <b>d.</b>	•			
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References	es Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary (	(PTO 442)				
2) 🔲 Notice of Draftspers	on's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94		Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
	ure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S ate <u>September <b>29</b>, 2003</u> .	3B/08)	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of Group I in the reply filed on December 13, 2004 is acknowledged.

Applicant's election without traverse of election of species in the reply filed on April 25, 2005 is acknowledged. Applicant submits arguments regarding the election of species; however, the cancellation of the other species renders these arguments moot.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 23-62 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. The election was made without traverse.

### Claims Pending

Claims 1-4, 6, 8, 10-12, 14, 16, 18 and 21 will be examined on the merits. Applicant has cancelled claims 5, 7, 9, 13, 15, 17, 20 and 22.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-4, 6, 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

Undue experimentation would be required to practice the invention as claimed due to the quantity of experimentation necessary; limited amount of guidance and limited number of working examples in the specification; nature of the invention; state of the prior art; relative skill level of those in the art; predictability or unpredictability in the art; and breadth of the claims. In re Wands, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

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Applicant's claims are broadly drawn to prevent inflammation in a mammal. The specification is not considered to enable this use. Applicant's specification does not give any examples that show that chicory is able to prevent inflammation. "Prevention" of inflammation requires prevention of each and every instances of inflammation. Such prevention is difficult, if not impossible, to achieve. Thus, Applicant does not provide enough information for a person of ordinary skill in the art to determine without undue experimentation that the chicory claimed is able to prevent inflammation.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the Applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the Applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-4, 6, 8, 10-12, 14, 16, 18 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hermand (US 6,645,534 B2).

Hermand (US 6,645,534 B2) teaches chicory is capable of pharmacological properties such as anti-inflammatory efficacies. In addition, Hermand teaches extracting chicory by hot extraction method and has at least 5% chicory content (column 1, lines 21-27; column 2, lines 1-7, 38-41). The hot extraction of chicory used as anti-inflammatories by Hermand meet the limitations of claim 1 as the composition comprises extracts of chicory and thus anticipates the claimed invention.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the Examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various

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claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the Examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hermand (US 6,645,534 B2).

Hermand (US 6,645,534 B2) discloses that chicory is capable of pharmacological properties such as anti-inflammatory efficacies. In addition, Hermand teaches extracting chicory by hot extraction method and has at least 5% chicory content (column 1, lines 21-27; column 2, lines 1-7, 38-41).

The reference also does not specifically teach the ingredient in the amounts claimed by Applicant. The amount of a specific ingredient in a composition is clearly a result effective parameter that a person of ordinary skill in the art would routinely optimize. Optimization of parameters is a routine practice that would be obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ. It would have been customary for an artisan of ordinary skill to determine the optimal amount of each ingredient in order to best achieve the desired results. Thus, absent some demonstration of unexpected results from the claimed parameters, this optimization of ingredient amount would have been obvious at the time of Applicant's invention.

Therefore, the invention as a whole was *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the cited reference.

Summary

No claim is allowed.

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## **Correspondence**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Susan B. McCormick-Ewoldt whose telephone number is (571) 272-0981. The Examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 6:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell, can be reached on (571) 272-0974. The official fax number for the group is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

sbme

SUSAN COE
PRIMARY EXAMINER

PRIMAD NER